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CHAPTER V.

LAND TENURE AND SETTLEMENT.

§ 1. Introduction.

- 1. General.—A comprehensive description of the land tenure systems of the several States was given in Official Year Book No. 4 (pp. 235 to 333), while later alterations were referred to in subsequent issues. In this chapter a summary is given of the principal features of existing land legislation. In previous issues an account of the various tenures under which Crown lands may be taken up was given. (See Year Book No. 22, pp. 133-195; also 2 hereunder for a conspectus of legislation at present in force.) Special paragraphs are devoted to the settlement of returned soldiers on the land, the tenure of land by aliens, and advances to settlers. Particulars as to the areas of land alienated in each State and similar matter are also included.
- 2. State Land Legislation.—The legislation in force relating to Crown lands, Closer Settlement, Returned Soldiers' Settlement, and other matters dealt with in this chapter is summarized in the following conspectus:—

STATE LAND LEGISLATION.

New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queensland.
	Crown Lands Acts.	
Crown Lands Act 1913-1932: Western Lands Act 1901-1932. Prickly Pear Act 1924-1930.	Land Act 1928, 1932, 1933.	Upper Burnett and Callide Land Settlement Act 1923-1932. Prickly Pear Land Acts 1923 1932. Sugar Workers' Selections Acts 1923-1932.
	CLOSER SETTLEMENT ACTS.	<u> </u>
Closer Settlement Act 1904-1919. Closer Settlement and Returned Soldiers' Settlement (Amend- ment) Act 1927-1932.	Closer Settlement Act 1928-1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933.	Closer Settlement Acts 1906- 1932.
	MINING ACTS.	
Mining Act 1906-1924: Mining Leases (Validation) Act 1924.	Mines Act 1928.	Mining Acts 1898-1930: Mining for Coal and Mineral Oil Act 1912: Petroleum Acts 1923-1929: Miners' Homestead Leases Act 1913-1930: Coal Mining Act 1925-1930.
	SOLDIERS' SETTLEMENT ACTS.	
Returned Soldiers' Settlement Act 1916-1928.	Closer Settlement Act (Part II.) 1928-1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933.	Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Act 1917-1932.
<u> </u>	Advances to Settlers Acts.	
Government Savings Bank Act 1906-1932: Returned Soldiers' Settlement Act 1916-1928.	State Savings Bank Act 1915- 1922: Primary Products Advances Act 1919-1922: Closer Settlement Act 1928-1929, 1930, 1931, 1932: Fruit Act 1915-1920: Cultivation Advances Act 1931, 1932, 1933.	State Advances Act 1916: Co- operative Agricultural Pro- ducts and Advances to Farmers Act 1914-1919: Agricultural Bank Act 1923-1929.

STATE LAND LEGISLATION-continued.

South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.
	Crown Lands Acts.	
Crown Lands Act 1929-1933: Pastoral Act 1904-1929.	Land Act 1933.	Crown Lands Act 1911-1924-
	Closer Settlement Acts.	
Crown Lands Act 1929-1933.	Closer Settlement Act 1927.	Closer Settlement Act 1913-1924 1929.
	MINING ACTS.	
Mining Act 1930-1931.	Mining Act 1904-1933: Sluicing and Dredging for Gold Act 1899.	Mining Act 1917-1929: Aid to Mining Act 1924.
Ret	URNED SOLDIERS' SETTLEMENT	Acts.
Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Act 1917-1931.	Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Act 1918-1919.	Returned Soldiers' Settlement Act 1916-1923.
Agricu	LTURAL GRADUATES SETTLEMEN	NT ACTS.
Agricultural Graduates Act 1922.		
	Advances to Settlers Acts.	
Irrigation Act 1930 to 1933: Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Act 1917-1931: State Bank Act 1925-1928: Advances to Settlers Act 1930: Agricultural Graduates Act 1922: Loans for Fencing and Water Piping Act 1930.	Agricultural Bank Act 1906-1931.	State Advances Act 1907-1927: Advances to Fruit-growers Act 1918-1921: Closer Settlement Act 1913-1929: Returned Sol- diers' Settlement Act 1916- 1923. Advances to Farmers to Relieve Unemployment.

- 3. Northern Territory Land Legislation.—In the Northern Territory of Australia the legislation relating to Crown lands is embodied in the Crown Lands Ordinance 1931-1933, that relating to mining in the Northern Territory Mining Act 1903, the Gold Dredging Act 1899, the Tin Dredging Ordinance 1911-1920, the Mineral Oil and Coal Ordinance 1922-1923, and the Encouragement of Mining Ordinance 1913-1926; and that relating to Advances to Settlers in the Wire and Wire Netting Act 1927, and the Encouragement of Primary Production Ordinance 1931.
- 4. Federal Capital Territory Land Legislation.—In the Federal Capital Territory the Ordinances relating to Crown lands are the Leases Ordinance 1918-1933, the Public Parks Ordinance 1928, the City Area Leases Ordinance 1924-1929, the Church Lands Leases Ordinance 1924-1932, and the Leases (Special Purposes) Ordinance 1925-1932.

5. Administration and Classification of Crown Lands.—In each of the States there is a Lands Department under the direction of a responsible Cabinet Minister who is charged generally with the administration of the Acts relating to the alienation, occupation and management of Crown lands. The administrative functions of most of the Lands Departments are to some extent decentralized by the division of the States into what are usually termed Land Districts, in each of which there is a Lands Office, under the management of a Lands officer, who deals with applications for selections and other matters generally appertaining to the administration of the Acts within the particular district. In some of the States there is also a local Land Board or a Commissioner for each district or group of districts. In the Northern Territory the Land Board, under the control of the Minister for the Interior, is charged with the general administration of the Lands Ordinance and of Crown lands in the Northern Territory. In the Federal Capital Territory the administration of the Leases Ordinances is in the hands of the Department of the Interior.

Crown lands are generally classified according to their situation, the suitability of the soil for particular purposes, and the prevailing climatic and other conditions. The modes of tenure under the Acts, therefore, as well as the amount of purchase money or rent, and the conditions as to improvements and residence, vary considerably. The administration of special Acts relating to Crown lands is in some cases in the hands of a Board under the general supervision of the Minister, e.g., the Western Lands Board in New South Wales.

In each of the States and in the Northern Territory there is also a Mines Department which is empowered under the several Acts relating to mining to grant leases and licences of Crown lands for mining and auxiliary purposes.

6. Classification of Tenures.—The tabular statement which follows shows the several tenures under which Crown lands may be acquired or occupied in each State. In the Northern Territory, leases (excepting pastoral and "miscellaneous") are granted in perpetuity, pastoral and "miscellaneous" leases being restricted to periods of not more than 42 and 21 years respectively. The Lands Ordinance provides also for the grant in fee-simple of town lands, agricultural lands, garden lands, and tropical lands, and for the issue of grazing, occupation, and "miscellaneous" licences. The mining leases and holdings are, generally speaking, similar to those of the Statos. In the Federal Capital Territory only leases are issued.

STATE CROWN LANDS-TENURES.

New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queensland,							
FREE GRANTS AND RESERVATIONS.									
Free Grants : Reservations.	Free Grants: Reservations.	Free Grants: Reservations.							
Unco	NDITIONAL PURCHASES OF FREE	SHOLD.							
Auction Sales: After-auction Purchases: Special Purchases: Improvement Purchases.	Auction Sales.								
Con	DITIONAL PURCHASES OF FREEH	OLD.							
Residential Conditional Purchases: Non-residential Conditional Purchases: Additional Conditional Purchases: Conversions of various Leasehold Tenures into Conditional Purchases: Purchases of Town Leases, Suburban Holdings, Returned Soldiers' Special Holdings, Residential Leases, Week-end Leases,	Residential Selection Purchase Leases: Non-residential Selec- tion Purchase Leases: Licences of Auriferous worked-out Lands: Conditional Purchase Leases of Swamp or Reclaimed Lands: Selection Purchase Leases of Malice Lands: Murray River Settlements: Special Settlement Areas: Conversions into Selec- tion Purchase Leases.								

STATE CROWN LANDS-TENURES-continued.

New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queensland.
Leas	es and Licences under Land	Acts.
Conditional Leases: Conditional Purchase Leases: Special Conditional Purchase Leases: Homestead Selections: Homestead Selections: Settlement Leases: Special Leases: Annual Leases: Csrub Leases: Snow Leases: Inferior Lands Leases: Crown Leases: Improvement Leases and Leases under Improvement Conditions: Occupation Licences: Leases of Town Lands: Suburban Holdings: Weekend Leases: Residential Leases: Leases in Irrigation Areas: Western Lands Leases: Forest Leases: Forest Permits.	Perpetual Leases: Auriferous Lands Licences: Leases of Swamp or Reclaimed Lands: Perpetual Leases of Swamp or Reclaimed Lands: Grazing Licences: Per- petual Leases (Mallee): Miscel- ianeous Leases and Licences: Bee Farm Licences: Bee Range Area Licences: Eucalyptus Oil Licences: Forest Leases: Forest Licences: Forest Town- ships.	Perpetual Lease Selections: Per petual Lease Prickly Pear Selections: Perpetual Lease Prickly Pear Selections: Perpetual Lease Prickly Pear Developmen Selections: Pastoral Leases Preferential Pastoral Leases Stud Holdings: Prickly Pea Leases: Occupation Licences Special Leases: Grazing Selections: Developmen Grazing Selections: Prickly Pear Development Grazing Selections: Auction Perpetua Leases: Pastoral Developmen Leases.
	CLOSER SETTLEMENT.	
Sales by Auction and Tender: After-auction Sales and Tenders: Settlement Pur- chases.	Sales of Land: Conditional Pur- chase Leases: Conditional Pur- chase Leases in Mountainous Areas.	Perpetual Lease Selections Settlement Farm Leases Perpetual Town, Suburba and Country Leases.
Leasi	es and Licences under Minine	G ACTS.
Holdings under Miners' Rights: Gold Mining Leases: Mineral Leases: Coal and Oil Mining Leases: Business Licences: Residence Areas.	Holdings under Miners' Rights: Gold Mining Leases: Mineral Leases: Business Areas: Residence Areas.	Holdings under Miners' Rights Permits to Prospect for Petro leum: Petroleum Leases: Li cences to Prospect fo Coal and Mineral Oil: Gol Mining Leases: Miners Leases: Coal Mining Leases Business Areas: Residenc Areas: Miners' Homesteau Leases and Miners' Homesteau Leases and Miners' Homesteau
SETTLEMEN	T OF DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AN	ND SAILOBS.
Soldiers' Group Purchases: Returned Soldiers' Special Holding Leases: Returned Soldiers' Special Holding Purchases: also Purchases and Leases under Crown Lands Act of lands set apart for application by discharged soldiers exclusively.	(Same Tenures as under the Land and Closer Settlement Acts.)	Perpetual Lease Selections Perpetual Town and Suburbar Leases.

STATE CROWN LANDS_TENURES_continued.

South Austratia.	Western Australia.	Tasmanla.
F	REE GRANTS AND RESERVATION	s.
Free Grants: Reservations.	Free Grants: Reservations.	Free Grants: Reservations.
Unco	NDITIONAL PURCHASES OF FREE	CHOLD.
Auction Sales. By Private Contract (Land passed at Auction).	Auction Sales.	Auction Sales: After auction Sales: Sales of Land in Mintal Towas.
Coni	DITIONAL PURCHASES OF FREEH	OLD.
Agreements to Purchase: Special Agreements to Purchase (40 years' term): Homestead Blocks.	Conditional Purchases with Residence: Conditional Purchases without Residence: Conditional Purchases by Direct Payment: Conditional Purchases of Land For Vineyards, etc.: Conditional Purchases of Lands: Conditional Purchases by Pastoral Lessees: Conditional Purchases of Grazing Lands: Homestead Farms: Village Allotments: Workingmen's Blocks: Special Settlement Leases.	Selections for Purchase: Additional Selections for Purchase Homestead Areas: Selection in Miching Areas: Sales by Auction: Sales by Frivat Contract: After-auction Sales Special Settlement Areas.
Leasi	s and Licences under Land	Acts.
Perpetual Leases: Special Perpetual Leases (Free Period); Perpetual Leases of Homestead Blocks: Miscellaneous Leases: Licences: Pastoral Leases: Irrigation Blocks: Town Allotments in Irrigation Areas: Forest Leases.	Pastoral Leases: Special Leases: Leases of Town and Suburban Lands.	Grazing Leases: Pastoral Leases Leases of Land covered with Button Grass, etc.: Leases of Mountainous Land: Miscel laneous Leases: Temporary Licences: Occupation Licences: Residence Licences Business Licences: Forest Leases, Licences and Permits.
	CLOSER SETTLEMENT.	
Bales by Auction: Agreements to Purchase: Perpetual Leases: Miscellaneous Leases.	Conditional Purchases: Town and Suburban Areas.	Leases with Right of Purchase: Special Sales.
Leases	AND LICENCES UNDER MINING	ACTS.
Holdings under Miners' Rights: Search Licences: Occupation Licences: Gold Leases: Mineral Leases: Business Areas: Residence Areas: Miscellaneous Leases (Salt and Gypsum).	Gold Mining Leases: Mineral Leases: Business Areas: Residence Areas: Miners' Homestead Leases.	Holdings under Miners' Rights Prospectors' Licences: Gold Mining Leases: Minera Leases.
SETTLEMEN	T OF DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AN	D SAILORS
Perpetual Leases: Pastoral Leases: Agreements to Pur- chase: Miscellaneous Leases.	Ordinary Tenure : Special Tenure.	Free Grants: Ordinary Tenure Special Tenure.
Agricui	tural Graduates Settlemen	T ACTS.
Agreements to Purchase.		

§ 2. Free Grants and Reservations.

- 1. New South Wales.—(i) Free Grants. Crown lands may, by notification in the Gazette, be dedicated for public purposes and be granted therefor in fee-simple. Such lands may be placed under the care and management of trustees, not less than three in number, appointed by the Minister.
- (ii) Reservations. Temporary reservations of Crown lands from sale or lease may be made by the Minister.
- (iii) Areas Granted and Reserved. During the year 1932-33 the total area for which free grants were prepared was 1,189 acres, including grants of 1,162 acres of land resumed under the 12th clause of the Public Roads Act 1902. During the same period 433 acres were dedicated and permanently reserved the number, of separate dedications being 49.

On the 30th June, 1933, the total area reserved, including temporary reserves, was 16,663,337 acres, of which 5,245,188 acres were for travelling stock, 2,154,653 acres for forest reserves, 992,282 acres for water and camping, 1,149,612 acres for mining, and the remainder for temporary commons, railways, recreation reserves and parks, reserves for aborigines, and miscellaneous purposes.

- 2. Victoria.—(i) Free Grants. The Governor may grant, convey or otherwise dispose of Crown lands for public purposes.
- (ii) Reservations. The Governor may temporarily or permanently reserve from sale, lease or licence any Crown lands required for public purposes, and may except any area of Crown lands from occupation for mining purposes or for residence or business under any miner's right or business licence.
- (iii) Areas Granted and Reserved. During the year 1932, 432 acres were granted without purchase, and reservations of both a permanent and temporary nature, comprising a net area of 18,450 acres, were made. At the end of 1932, the total area reserved was 7,998,300 acres, consisting of roads, 1,794,218 acres; water reserves, 311,450 acres; agricultural colleges, etc., 88,650 acres; permanent forests and timber reserves under Forests Act, 4,692,820 acres; forests and timber reserves under Land Acts, 330,135 acres; reserves in the Mallee, 410,000 acres; and other reserves, 371,027 acres.
- 3. Queensland.—(i) Free Grants. The Governor may grant in trust any Crown land which is or may be required for public purposes. Under the Irrigation Act, land to be used for the purpose of any undertaking under that Act may be vested in fee-simple in the Irrigation Commission.
- (ii) Reservations. The Governor may reserve from sale or lease, either temporarily or permanently, any Crown land which is or may be required for public purposes. Reserved lands may be placed under the control of trustees who are empowered to lease the same for not more than 21 years with the approval of the Minister.

Under the State Forests and National Parks Act, the Governor may permanently reserve any Crown lands and declare them to be a State Forest or a National Park.

(iii) Areas Granted and Reserved. During the year 1933 the area granted in feesimple without payment was 1,614 acres, the area set apart as reserves 576,258 acres, and reserves cancelled 168,715 acres. The total area reserved at the end of 1933 was 18,174,366 acres, made up as follows:—timber reserves, 3,476,938 acres; State forests and national parks, 2,513,876 acres; for use of aborigines, 6,203,602 acres; and general, 5,979,950 acres.

- 4. South Australia.—(i) Free Grants. The Governor may dedicate Crown lands for any public purpose and grant the fee-simple of such lands, with the exception of foreshores and land for quays, wharves or landing-places, which are inalienable in fee-simple from the Crown.
- (ii) Reservations. The Governor may reserve Crown lands for (a) the use and benefit of aborigines; (b) military defence; (c) forest reserves; (d) railway stations; (e) park lands; or (f) any other purpose that he may think fit.
- (iii) Areas Granted and Reserved. During the year 1933 free grants were issued for a total area of 50 acres. During the same year reserves comprising 3,264 acres were proclaimed. At the 30th June, 1933, the total area reserved was 16,441,800 acres, including 14,016,000 acres in the north-west of the State set apart as an aboriginal reserve in 1921.
- 5. Western Australia.—(i) Free Grants. The Governor may dispose of, in such manner as for the public interest may seem best, any lands vested in the Crown for public purposes, and may grant the fee-simple of any reserve to secure the use thereof for the purpose for which such reserve was made.
- (ii) Reservations. The Governor may reserve any lands vested in the Crown for public purposes. Areas not immediately required may be leased from year to year. Reserves may be placed under the control of a local authority or trustees, with power to lease them for a period not exceeding 21 years, or may be leased for 99 years. Temporary reserves may also be proclaimed.
- (iii) Areas Granted or Reserved. During the year ended 30th June, 1933, a few small areas of land were granted in fee-simple, and approximately 92,155 acres were reserved for various purposes. At the 30th June, 1933, the total area reserved was 40,428,777 acres, comprising State forests, 2,971,012 acres, timber reserves, 1,430,542 acres, and other reserves, 36,027,223 acres.
- 6. Tasmania.—(i) Free Grants. The only mention in the Crown Lands Act respecting free grants of land is that the Governor may agree with the Governor-General of the Commonwealth for the grant of any Crown land to the Commonwealth, and it is expressly stated that no lands may be disposed of as sites for religious purposes except by way of sale under the Act. Under the Returned Soldiers' Settlement Act of 1916, returned soldiers who applied prior to 31st March, 1922, are eligible to receive free grants of Crown land not exceeding £100 each in value, but these grants are conditional on the land being adequately improved.
- (ii) Reservations. The Governor in Council may except from sale or lease, and reserve to His Majesty any Crown land for public purposes, and vest for such term as he thinks fit any land so reserved in any person or corporate body. Any breach or nonfulfilment of the conditions upon which such land is reserved renders it liable to forfeiture. A school allotment, not exceeding 5 acres in area, may also be reserved.
- (iii) Areas Granted or Reserved. During the year ended 31st December, 1933, the area granted free was 1,566 acres, all of which was granted to soldiers under the Returned Soldiers' Settlement Act, while during the same year, free leases were issued to 2 local bodies for municipal purposes, and 9 acres were reserved. The total area reserved to the end of 1933 was 4,988,717 acres.
- 7. Northern Territory of Australia.—(i) Reservations. The Governor-General may resume for public purposes any Crown lands, not subject to any right of or contract for purchase, and may reserve, for the purpose for which they are resumed, the whole or any portion of the land so resumed.
- (ii) Areas Reserved. The total area of reserves at the 30th June, 1933, was 71,279 square miles, comprising aboriginal native, 67,124 square miles, prospecting for mineral oil and coal, 1,000 square miles, mission station, 1,225 square miles, and other reserves, 1,930 square miles.

§ 3. Unconditional Purchases of Freehold.

- 1. New South Wales.—(i) Auction Purchases. Crown lands, not exceeding in the aggregate 200,000 acres in any one year, may be sold by public auction in areas not exceeding half-an-acre for town lands, 20 acres for suburban lands, and 640 acres for country lands, at the minimum upset price of £8, £2 10s., and 15s. per acre respectively. At least 10 per cent. of the purchase-money must be paid at the time of sale, and the balance within three months, or the Minister may allow the payment of such balance to be deferred for a period not exceeding 10 years, 4 per cent. interest being charged. Town blocks in irrigation areas may also be sold by auction.
- (ii) After-auction Purchases. In certain cases, land offered at auction and not sold may be purchased at the upset price. A deposit in accordance with the terms and conditions under which the land was previously offered must be lodged, and if the application be approved by the Minister, the balance of purchase money is payable as required by the specified terms and conditions.
- (iii) Special Purchases. Under certain circumstances, land may be sold in fee-simple, the purchaser paying the cost of survey and of reports thereon, in addition to the purchase-money. The minimum upset price per acre is the same as in the case of land sold by auction. Areas not exceeding five acres in extent may be sold, at prices determined by the local land board, to recognized religious bodies and public authorities.
- (iv) Improvement Purchases. The owner of improvements in authorized occupation by residence, under any Mining or Western Lands Act of land within a gold-field or mineral field, may purchase such land without competition at a price determined by the local Land Board, but at not less than £8 per acre for town lands or £2 10s. per acre for other lands. The area must not exceed ½ acre within a town or village, or 2 acres elsewhere, and no person may purchase more than one such area within 3 miles of a similar prior purchase by him.
- (v) Areas Sold. During the year ended 30th June, 1933, the total area sold was 450 acres, of which 163 acres were sold by auction and 125 acres as after-auction purchases, while 8 acres were sold as improvement purchases and 154 acres as special purchases. The amount realized for the sale of the whole area was £8,020.
- 2. Victoria.—(i) General. Lands specially classed for sale by auction may be sold by auction in fee-simple, not exceeding 100,000 acres in any one year, at an upset price not less than £1 per acre. The purchaser must pay the survey fee at the time of the sale, together with a deposit of 12½ per cent. of the whole price; the residue is payable in equal half-yearly instalments with interest. Any unsold land in a city, town or borough, areas specially classed for sale, isolated pieces of land not exceeding 50 acres in area, and sites for churches or charitable purposes, if not more than three acres in extent, may be sold by auction on the same terms. Swamp or reclaimed lands may also be sold by auction, subject to the condition that the owner keeps open all drains, etc., thereon.
- (ii) Areas sold at Auction and by Special Sales. During the year 1932, a total of 985 acres was disposed of under this tenure, 601 acres being country lands, while 384 acres of town and suburban lands were sold by auction.
- 3. Queensland.—(i) General. During the years 1917 to 1929 the law precluded land being made available for any class of selection which gave the selector the right to acquire the freehold title. By amended legislation passed in 1929, power was given to make land available under freeholding tenures. The provision in the 1929 Act conferring this power was, however, repealed by the Act of 1932.
- (ii) Sales by Auction. Consequent upon an amendment made by the Act of 1932, Crown land cannot now be offered for sale by auction on a freeholding basis.
- (iii) Areas Sold, etc. During the year 1932, 3,376 acres were sold at auction, and 72 unconditional selections comprising an area of 16,321 acres were made freehold.

- 4. South Australia.—(i) Sales by Auction. The following lands may be sold by auction for cash:—(a) special blocks; (b) Crown lands which have been offered for lease and not taken up within 2 years; (c) town lands; and (d) suburban lands, which the Governor excepts from the operations of the Land Board. A purchaser must pay 20 per cent. of the purchase money in cash, and the balance within one month or within such extended time as the Commissioner of Crown Lands may allow. Town lands may be sold subject to the condition that they cannot be transferred or mortgaged for 6 years without the consent of the Commissioner.
- (ii) Areas Sold, etc. During the year ended 30th June, 1933, the area of town lands and special blocks sold by auction was 64 acres. In addition, 11,390 acres were sold at fixed prices, and the purchases of 10,193 acres on credit were completed, making a total of 21,647 acres.
- 5. Western Australia.—(i) Sales by Auction. Town, suburban, and village lands, after being surveyed into lots and notified in the Gazette, must be sold by auction. Ten per cent. of the purchase money must be paid in cash, together with the value of any improvements, and the balance in four equal quarterly instalments. Suburban land must be fenced within 2 years, and, until that is effected, no Crown grant may be issued.
- (ii) Areas Sold. During the year ended 30th June, 1933, the area of town and suburban allotments sold was 841 acres in 274 allotments.
- 6. Tasmania.—(i) Sales by Auction. Town lands may be sold by auction for cash or on credit, no conditions being imposed beyond the payment of the purchase money. No town land, the price of which is less than £15, may be sold on credit,
- (ii) After-auction Sales. Town lands, not within 5 miles of any city, which, after having been offered at auction, have not been sold, may be sold at the upset prices by private contract.
- (iii) Sales of Land in Mining Towns. Any town land in a mining area may be sold by auction for cash, provided that any person, being the holder of a residence licence or business licence in lawful occupation of a residence area or business area and the owner of permanent improvements of a value equal to or greater than the upset price, is entitled to purchase such area at the upset price, prior to the sale by auction. The upset price of the unimproved value must not be less than £10, and the area must not exceed \(\frac{1}{2} \) acre.
- (iv) Areas Sold. During the year 1933 the area sold by auction or by special sale amounted to 108 acres.

§ 4. Conditional Purchases of Freehold.

- 1. General. The various methods of obtaining Crown lands by conditional purchase in the several States are given in some detail in preceding issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 22 pp. 141-9).
- 2. New South Wales.—At the 30th June, 1933, the total number of conditional purchases in existence was 62,177, covering an area of 20,073,559 acres. The following table gives particulars of conditional purchases, including non-residential conditional purchases and special area conditional purchases, for the year ended 30th June, 1933, together with the total area for which deeds had been issued up to 30th June, 1933:—

CONDITIONAL PURCHASES, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Year ended	Applications	Received. (a)	Applications Confirmed.(a)			rhich Deeds in Issued.
30th June—	Number.	Area	Number.	Area.	During the Year.	To end of Year.
1933	161	Acres. 32,592	120	Астез. 19,464	Acres. 313,323	Acres. 24,660,987

3. Victoria,—Exclusive of selection in the Mallee country, the total area purchased conditionally in 1932 was 44,255 acres, comprising 43,827 acres with residence and 428 acres without residence. The number of selectors was 257.

The total area of Mallee country purchased conditionally in the same year was 43,416 acres, all with residence, the number of selectors being 91.

- 4. Queensland.—(i) General. From 1917 until the passing of "The Lands Acts Amendment Act of 1929" the law prohibited land being made available for any class of selection which gave the selector the right to acquire the freehold title. The 1929 measure, however, amended the law in this respect. A further amendment of the law which took effect on the 1st December, 1932, precludes land being made available under any tenure where a freeholding title is obtainable.
- (ii) Lands Acquired. During the year 1933 the following new selections were acquired:—Agricultural farms to the number of 13 comprising an area of 2,503 acres, and one prickly pear selection of 2,708 acres, one agricultural homestead of 183 acres, and 25 prickly pear development selections with an area of 71,868 acres. No free homesteads were acquired.
- 5. South Australia.—The land allotted under agreements to purchase during the year 1932-33 was 51,382 acres, comprising Eyre's Peninsula Railway Lands 32,651 acres, Murray Railway Lands 6,038 acres, Pinnaroo Railway Lands 1,405 acres, Closer Settlement Lands 2,342 acres, Buckleboo Railway Lands 651 acres, Soldier Settlement Lands 1,877 acres, repurchased for Homestead Blocks 34 acres, and other Crown lands 6,384 acres.
- 6. Western Australia.—During the year ended the 30th June, 1933, the number of holdings for which Crown grants were issued was 1,540, covering free homestead farms 24,485 acres and conditional purchases 454,021 acres. The number of holdings conditionally alienated for the year was 841, the total area affected being 462,412 acres, comprising conditional purchases by deferred payments with residence and without residence of 421,936 and 12,205 acres respectively, conditional purchases by direct payments (without residence) 873 acres, and free homestead farms 27,398 acres. Under the heading "Deferred payments (with residence)" are included conditional purchases of grazing lands.
- 7. Tasmania.—During the year 1933, conditional purchases of 15,061 acres were completed. The total area sold conditionally was 12,224 acres, comprising selections for purchase 12,116 acres, auction sales on credit 18 acres, and town and suburban allotments 90 acres. The numbers of applications received and confirmed during the year were 436 and 207 respectively.

§ 5. Leases and Licences under Land Acts.

- 1. General.—Information regarding the methods of obtaining leases and licences of Crown lands in the several States and Territories is given in preceding issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 22, pp. 149-163). A summary respecting land held under leases and licences will be found at the end of this chapter.
- 2. New South Wales.—On the 30th June, 1933, the area of leases and licences under the control of the Department of Lands, the Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission, and the Western Land Board, comprised 108,756,359 acres of Crown lands, compared with 109,137,569 acres at the close of the previous year.

The following table shows the areas which were granted under lease or licence during the year 1932-33, and those held under various descriptions of leases and licences at the end of that year:—

AREAS TAKEN UP AND OCCUPIED UNDER LEASE OR LICENCE.—NEW SOUTH WALES, 1932-33.(a)

1	Area taken up during the year.	Area occupied at end of year.				
Areas taken up	under Cro	own L	ands Act.		Acres.	Acres.
Outgoing pastoral lease						87,590
Occupation licences-or				٠.		1,000,696
	eferential					584,892
Conditional leases					42,806	11,697,095
Conditional purchase les	ases				57	164,180
Settlement leases					3,612	2,770,371
Improvement leases				• •	12,000	375,875
Annual leases			••	••	60,574	757,096
Scrub leases			••	• • •	1,320	147,216
Snow leases			•••		58,605	330,958
Special leases			••		100,794	794,537
Inferior land leases			• •			51,992
Residential leases (on go	old and m	ineral			239	8,008
Church and school lands	3	• •	,	•	-32	. 11
Permissive occupancies					418,138	1,220,532
Prickly-pear leases					24,052	95,696
Crown leases			• •		282,702	5,965,049
Homestead farms					48,378	4,225,936
Homestead selections an	id grants				3,386	1,522,901
Suburban holdings	••				2,072	51,420
Week-end leases	• •	• •			,-,=	195
Leases of town lands			••			70
Returned soldiers' speci	al holding					16,391
Irrigation farms and blo		٠.,			18,646	358,076
		• •	• •	• • •	20,040	350,070
Areas taken up	under We	stern	Lands Act.			
Leases					94,626	76,094,463
Permissive occupancies	••	••	• •		50,704	435,113
Total			••		1,222,719	108,756,359

⁽a) See also § 7 (1) hereinafter.

^{3.} Victoria.—During 1932 the area of Crown lands taken up under leases and licences was 87,671 acres, comprising Mallee lands, 43,416 acres, and other lands, 44,255 acres. The area of Crown lands occupied under leases and licences in 1932 was 5,189,973 acres (a decrease of 123,714 acres compared with the previous year), comprising grazing licences (exclusive of Mallee) 3,362,423 acres, Mallee lands 1,706,168 acres, auriferous lands (licences) 32,713 acres, swamp lands (leases) 2,092 acres, perpetual leases (other than Mallee) 4,977 acres, and perpetual leases (Mallee) under Land Act 1928, 81,600 acres.

^{4.} Queensland.—(i) General. In preceding issues of the Official Year Book reference was made to the methods of obtaining leases and licences of Crown lands (see No. 22, pp. 155-7). The Land Acts Amendment Act of 1929, however, amended the law considerably. Further amendments of the law as made in the 1932 Act, taking effect from the 1st December of that year, nullify the provisions in the Act of 1929 relating to freeholding tenures.

(ii) Areas taken up under Lease or Licence. The total area taken up under lease or licence during the year 1932 was 24,516,106 acres, made up as follows:—Pastoral leases 19,263,640 acres; occupation licences 805,320 acres; grazing farms (all classes), 1,995,889 acres; grazing homesteads (all classes), 639,633 acres; perpetual lease selections 124,858 acres; perpetual lease prickly-pear selections 61,487 acres; agricultural farms 56,984 acres; agricultural homesteads 27,406 acres; prickly-pear selections 40,862 acres; prickly-pear development selections 908,651 acres; perpetual lease prickly-pear development selections 453,458 acres; auction perpetual leases—town 53 acres, suburban 89 acres, and country 1,512 acres; special leases 48,367 acres; leases of reserves 54,477 acres, and prickly-pear leases 33,400 acros.

The following particulars are available respecting selections taken up in 1933:-

.					_
Grazing farms	• •			439,470	acres
Grazing homesteads				819,591	,,
Perpetual lease selections		• •	• •	122,321	**
Perpetual lease prickly-pe	ar selec	tions		34,960	**
Agricultural farms				2,503	,,
Prickly-pear selections		• •		2,708	,,
Agricultural homesteads				183	**
Prickly-pear development	grazing	g farms		2,011,838	,,
Prickly-pear development	grazing	g homeste	ads	1,053,391	,,
Prickly-pear development	selection	ns		71,868	,,
Perpetual lease prick	ly-pear	develop	ment		
selections				692,990	**

The gross area held at the end of the year 1932 under pastoral tenure was 377,682 square miles.

Fifteen non-competitive perpetual leases were issued during 1932, the total area being 240 acres.

The total areas occupied under lease or licence will be found in a table at the end of this chapter.

- 5. South Australia.—The total area leased during 1932-33 under the different forms of lease tenure was 3,558,494 acres, made up as follows:—Perpetual leases—irrigation and reclaimed lands 708 acres, non-irrigable land in irrigation areas 21,238 acres, and other Crown lands 50,143 acres; pastoral leases 3,402,880 acres; and miscellaneous leases—grazing and cultivation 82,900 acres, and forest lands 625 acres.
 - The total areas held under lease are given in the table at the end of this chapter.
- 6. Western Australia.—The number of leases issued by the Lands Department during the year ended 30th June, 1933, was 582, and the total area of leases issued 3,281,533 acres, comprising pastoral leases 3,206,777 acres, special leases 3,258 acres, and leases of reserves 71,498 acres.

The total areas leased are given in the table at the end of this chapter.

- 7. Tasmania.—The area of pastoral leases during the year 1933 was 151,717 acres. The total areas leased are given in the table at the end of this chapter.
- 8. Northern Territory.—The total area held under lease, licence and permit of the 30th June, 1933, was 221,120 square miles, comprising pastoral leases 197,759 square miles, pastoral permits 1,429 square miles, grazing licences 21,398 square miles, agricultural leases 135 square miles and miscellaneous leases, including water leases, 399 square miles.
- 9. Federal Capital Territory.—At the 30th rune, 1933 the area of acquired lands was 213,830 acres; of lands alienated, 73,080 acres; of lands in process of alienation, 34,098 acres; of leases, 292,480 acres; and unoccupied (including Cotter River catchment area, roads, reserves, etc.), 184,002 acres. These figures are exclusive of 17,920 acres in the Jervis Bay area.

The number of leases granted under the City Area Leases Ordinance 1924-1929 to the 30th Juue, 1934 (excluding leases surrendered and determined) was 300, representing a capital value of £162,130.

Eight leases for church purposes have been granted under the Church Lands Leases Ordinance 1924-1932, which requires the lessees to submit a definite building programme within a specified period.

Eight leases have been granted to date under the Leases (Special Purposes) Ordinance 1925-1932, for church and scholastic purposes.

§ 6. Closer Settlement.

- 1. General.—Particulars regarding the methods of acquisition and disposal of land for closer settlement in the several States are given in preceding Year Books (see No. 22, pp. 163-9).
- 2. New South Wales.—Up to the 30th June, 1933, 1,845 estates, including 953 single farm propositions acquired for discharged soldiers or sailors, had been acquired for closer settlement.

The number of farms allotted under the Promotion Sections of the Closer Settlement Acts to date is 3,960, the area 1,823,333 acres, and the amount advanced by the Crown £8,480,135.

The following statement gives particulars of the aggregate areas opened up to the 30th June, 1933:—

CLOSER SETTLEMENT AREAS (a).—NEW	SOUTH	WALES.
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	Area	as made availa	ble	Values.		
To 30th June—	Acquired Lands.	Adjoining Crown Lands.	Total.	Cost of Acquired Lands.	Value of Adjoining Crown Lands.	Total.
1933	Acres. 4,028,694	Acres. 204,823	Acres. 4,233,517	£ 14,568,595	£ 352,597	£ 14,921,192

⁽a) Includes 70 long-term leases resumed for closer settlement, but excludes areas acquired for village sites.

The total area is now embraced in 9,156 holdings, comprising 4,128,480 acres, the remaining area being reserved for public purposes (roads, stock routes, schools, etc.).

The following table gives particulars regarding the disposal of the farms by closer settlement purchase at the 30th June, 1933:—

CLOSER SETTLEMENT ALLOTMENTS.—NEW SOUTH WALES.

			F	Total Amount received in			
	At 30th I	June		Number.	Area.	Capital Value.	respect of Closer Settlement Farms.
1933	••		••	No. 8,967	Acres. ' 4,128,406	£ 15,987,871	£ 8,353,838

3. Victoria.—The following statement shows the operations under the provisions of the Closer Settlement Acts to the 30th June, 1933:—

CLOSER SETTLEMENT .- VICTORIA.

(INCLUDING IRRIGATED AREAS.)

	نب		How M	ade Av	silable f	or Settle	ment.				_
To soth June	Total Area Acquired by Government.	Total Cost.	Farm Allotments.	Workmen's Homes Allotments.	Agricultural Labourers' Allotments.	Town Allotments.	Roads and Reserves.	Number of Farms, etc.	Total Receipts (Land and Advances).	Repayments of Principal (Land and Advances.)	Area Available for Settlement at 30th June.
	Acres.	£	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	No.	£	£	Acres.
1933	1,182,729	8,735,795	1,004,466	796	3,498	53,140	7,806	8,090	10,371,885	4,025,180	31,341

- (a) Includes all land sold other than under Conditional Purchase Lease.
- 4. Queensland.—The total area acquired to 30th June, 1933, was 970,778 acres, costing £2,292,881. The following are the particulars of transactions under the Closer Settlement Act up to 30th June, 1933:—Total area selected 914,100 acres; number of selections 3,046; agricultural farms 2,155; unconditional selections 257; perpetual lease selections 542; prickly-pear selections 9; perpetual lease prickly-pear selections 6; area sold by auction 13,038 acres; and number of settlement farm leases 77.
- 5. South Australia.—The following table shows the area of land acquired for the purposes of closer settlement, and the manner in which it had been dealt with to the 30th June, 1933:—

CLOSER SETTLEMENT.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

To 30th June—		Agree- ments with Covenants to Purchase.		Leased as	~	Mis- cellaneous Leases.		Remainder Un- occupied
	Area of Lands Re- purchased.		Right of Purchase.	Perpetual Lease.	Perpetual Leases.		Sold.	(including Roads and Land in Irrigation Areas).
	A cres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1933	786,625	512,664	321	1,240	31,772	80	206,566	33,982

The total area repurchased at 30th June, 1933, was 786,625 acres. The purchase money was £2,532,440. Of the total area, 752,643 acres have been allotted to 2,730 persons, the average area to each being 276 acres.

6. Western Australia.—The total area acquired for closer settlement up to the 30th June, 1933, was 907,823 acres, costing £1,180,443. Of this area, 26,580 acres have been set aside for roads, reserves, etc., leaving a balance of 881,243 acres available for selection. Particulars of operations under the Act for the year ending 30th June, 1933, are as follow:—Area selected during the year 4,200 acres; number of farms, etc., allotted to date 1,470; total area occupied to date 676,962 acres; balance available for selection 204,281 acres; and total revenue £796,800.

7. Tasmania.—Up to the 30th June, 1933, 36 areas had been opened up for closer settlement. The total purchase money paid by the Government was £366,099, and the total area acquired amounted to 101,231 acres, including 10,000 acres of Crown lands.

The number of farms allotted was 310.

8. Summary.—The following table gives particulars of operations under the Closer Settlement Acts at the 30th June, 1933:—

CLOSER SETTLEMENT.—TOTAL AREAS ACQUIRED AND ALLOTTED AT 30th JUNE, 1933.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Total.
Area acquired(a) acres Purchase price (b) £ Farms, etc., No. allotted acres	4,233,517	1,182,729	970,778	786,625	907,823	101,231	8,182,703
	14,568,595	8,679,905	2,292,881	2,532,440	1,180,443	366,099	29,620,363
	8,967	(c) 8,090	3,046	2,730	1,470	310	24,613
	4,128,406	1,143,582	914,100	752,643	676,962	101,231	7,716,924

⁽a) Includes Crown lands—New South Wales. 204,823 acres; Victoria, 113,346 acres; Tasmanis, 10,000 acres. (b) Private lands only. (c) Includes 697 allotments of a total area of 81,682 Acres granted to discharged soldiers under the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Acts.

§ 7. Leases and Licences under Mining Acts.

- 1. General.—Information regarding the various forms of leases and licences under Mining Acts in the several States and the Northern Territory is given in preceding issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 22, pp. 170-7).
- 2. New South Wales.—The following table gives particulars of operations on Crown lands for the year 1932-33:—

AREAS TAKEN UP UNDER MINING ACTS.—NEW SOUTH WALES, 1932-33.

Purposes for w	Areas Taken up during Year.	Total Areas Occupied at End of Year.				
					Acres.	A cres.
Gold-mining	• •	• •	• •	• •	4,685	10,475
Mining for other miners	als	• •			2,611	195,371
Authorities to prospect		••			30,844	63,834
Other purposes	••	••	••		745	21,248
Total	••	••	••		38,885	290,928

^{3.} Victoria.—During the year 1933, 263 leases, licences, etc., were issued covering an area of 33,960 acres, the rent, fees, etc., for which amounted to £1,681. The area occupied at the end of the year was 113,870 acres.

4. Queensland.—During the year 1933, the number of miners' rights issued was 8,119, and of business licences 14. The following table gives particulars regarding the areas of lands taken up under lease or licence, and the total areas occupied for the year 1933. In addition, an area estimated at 30,000 acres was at the end of 1933 held under miners' rights and dredging claims.

AREAS TAKEN UP UNDER MINING ACTS.—QUEENSLAND, 1933.

Particulars	Areas Taken up during Year.	Total Areas Occupied at End of Year.			
Gold-mining Mining for other minerals Coal-prospecting licences Miners' homestead leases Petroleum-prospecting permits	•••			Acres. 4,572 647 8,282 97,616	Acres. 9,646 22,028 400 333,204 155,068
Total		••		111,117	520,346

5. South Australia.—The following table gives particulars of operations for the year 1933:—

AREAS TAKEN UP UNDER MINING ACTS.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA, 1933.

P	Particulars.							
Gold-mining leases Mineral and miscellaneou Claims Search licences and pern Occupation licences					Acres. 418 3,174 8,500 60,800	Acres. 1,601 34,298 6,415 74,240		
Total	••				72,897	116,608		

^{6.} Western Australia.—The following table gives particulars of operations for the year 1933, the figures being exclusive of holdings under miners' rights and mineral oil licences. Of the areas shown as taken up in 1933, the area under lease was 6,063 acres for gold-mining, 150 for mining for other minerals, and 230 for miners' homesteads—a total of 6,523 acres. The balance was taken up under licences.

AREAS TAKEN UP UNDER MINING ACTS.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA, 1933.

	Particula	Areas Taken up during Year.	Total Areas Occupied at End of Year.			
Gold-mining Mining for other mine Other purposes	erals		••	••	Acres. 62,744 3,597 459	Acres. 37,820 51,316 33,644
Total		••	••	••	66,800	122,780

7. Tasmania.—During the year 1933, the number of leases issued was 205, of which 45 were for gold-mining, covering 827 acres; and 62 for tin, covering 2,791 acres. The following table gives particulars of operations for the year 1933:—

AREAS TAKEN UP UNDER MINING ACTS.—TASMANIA, 1933.

Particular	Areas Taken up during Year.	Total Areas Occupied at End of Year.			
		· 		Acres.	Acres.
Gold-mining				923	3,879
Mining for other minerals				3,119	24,229
Licences to search for coal or oi	1			470	790
Other purposes	••	••		299	2,499
Total				4,811	31,397

- 8. Northern Territory.—At the 30th June, 1933, there existed 20 mineral leases comprising 505 acres, and 19 gold-mining leases comprising 740 acres. There were also 250 protected gold-mining lease applications comprising 7,331 acres, 68 protected mineral lease applications comprising 2,121 acres, and 2 protected dredging lease applications comprising 120 acres. In addition, 7 exclusive prospecting licences covering approximately 15 square miles were issued.
- 9. Summary.—The following table shows the areas under leases and licences for mining purposes and the total areas occupied for mining purposes for the years 1923, 1928 and 1933:—

CROWN LANDS, LEASES AND LICENCES FOR MINING PURPOSES.

					·		
Year.	N.S.W. (a)	Victoria.	Q'land.(b)	S. Aust.(b)	W. Aust.(c)	Tas. (b)	Total. (d)

AREAS FOR WHICH LEASES AND LICENCES ISSUED DURING YEAR.

1923 1928 1933		Acres. 40,143 25,372 38,885	Acres. 9,207 , 8,302 33,960	Acres. 67,754 1,793,028e	Acres. 610,377 196,521 72,897	Acres. 37,567 47,975 66,800	Acres. 47,535 23,910 4,811	Acres. 812,583 2,095,108 328,470
	j			1 }				ł .

TOTAL AREAS OCCUPIED AT END OF YEAR.

1923 1928 1933	• •	307,336 293,265 290,928	47,361 444,586 39,904 2,810,262 113,870 520,346	242,688	127,829 132,536 122,780	54,362	1,658,638 3,573,017 1,195,929
			1 1	l i	I	1	

⁽a) Year 30th June. (b) Exclusive of lands held under miners' rights only. (c) Exclusive of holdings under miners' rights and mineral oil licences. (d) Exclusive of Northern Territory. (e) Mainly Petroleum-prospecting permits.

§ 8. Settlement of Returned Soldiers and Sailors.

1. General.—Information in regard to the methods adopted in each State for providing land for the settlement of returned soldiers and sailors, together with the conditions under which such land could be acquired, is given in earlier issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 13, pp. 10-18, et seq., and No. 18, pp. 187-189). Later modifications have been made with a view to simplifying procedure and liberalizing the conditions under which holdings may be acquired.

Particulars respecting the position of soldier settlement in each State at the latest available date are given in the sub-sections immediately following.

- 2. New South Wales.—At the 30th June, 1933, the area set apart exclusively for soldiers was 9,754,349 acres, of which 1,710,272 acres comprised acquired land purchased at a cost of £8,113,956. The number of settlers to whom farms, etc., had been allotted up to the 30th June, 1933, was 9,543. Farms, etc., occupied at that date numbered 5,575 with an area of 7,966,178 acres, of which 6,354,618 acres were Crown lands (including 3,985,887 acres in the Western Division taken up under the Western Lands Act), 1,508,439 acres of acquired lands, and 103,121 acres within Irrigation Areas.
- 3. Victoria.—At the 30th June, 1933, the area acquired or set apart for soldier settlement was 2,512,013 acres, of which 1,763,238 acres comprised private land purchased at a cost of £13,361,211. Up to the 30th June, 1933, the number of settlers to whom farms, etc., had been allotted was 10,728, and the number of farms, etc., allotted was 9,695 (including 734 farms originally purchased for Closer Settlement purposes) containing 2,423,991 acres. In addition, 773 share-farmers and holders of leasing agreements and private land had received assistance. The number of farms, etc., occupied at the 30th June, 1933, was 9,198 (including 651 originally purchased for Closer Settlement) containing 2,349,749 acres.
- 4. Queensland.—At the 30th June, 1929, the area acquired or set apart for soldier settlement was 577.633 acres, of which 41,101 acres comprised private land, purchased at a cost of £270,480. The number of farms occupied was 1,148, containing 440,992 acres. Some of these selections were acquired under the ordinary provisions of the Land Act, and do not include areas specially set apart for soldiers.

As special records are not now kept respecting the areas held by discharged soldier settlers later information cannot be given.

- 5. South Australia.—At the 30th June, 1933, the area of land acquired or set apart for soldier settlement was 1,336,612 acres, of which 1,202,653 acres comprised private land purchased at a cost of £3,863,572. These figures are exclusive of mortgages discharged, £494,770 on 360,403 acres representing 300 farms, etc., and 314 settlers. The number of soldiers to whom assistance had been granted under the Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Acts up to the 30th June, 1933, was 4,180, and the area of farms, etc. (including mortgages discharged), on which assistance had been granted was 2,740,484 acres. At the 30th June, 1933, farms, etc., occupied numbered 2,270, containing 1,827,567 acres.
- 6. Western Australia.—At the 30th June, 1933, the area of land acquired or set apart for soldier settlement was 14,287,643 acres, of which 345,110 acres comprised private land purchased at a cost of £605,076. Up to the 30th June, 1933, assistance had been given to 5,213 returned soldiers, and the Agricultural Bank held 3,565 properties as security for advances. The area held, including pastoral leases, was approximately 25,864,000 acres, and advances approved amounted to £6,637,986. The number of farms, etc., occupied at the 30th June, 1933, was 2,422.
- 7. Tasmania.—At the 30th June, 1933, the area acquired or set apart for soldier settlement was 339,592 acres, of which 270,227 acres comprised private land purchased at a cost of £2,013,913. Up to the 30th June, 1933, the number of settlers to whom farms, etc., had been allotted was 2,378, and the number of farms, etc., allotted 2,200 containing 339,592 acres. The number of farms, etc., occupied at the 30th June, 1933, was 2,105 containing 323,641 acres.

8. Summary.—The following table gives a summary of the area acquired, the purchase price thereof, the number of settlers assisted, and the number and area of farms occupied in all the States to the 30th June, 1933:—

SOLDIER SETTLEMENT.—AREAS ACQUIRED, SETTLERS ASSISTED AND FARMS OCCUPIED—30th JUNE. 1933.

Particulars.	New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queens- land.(a)	Sth. Aus- tralia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	Total.
Area acquired or set apart— (i) Private land acquired acres (ii) Crown lands set apart acres	1,710,272 8,044,077	1,763,238 748,775		61,202,653	345,110		5,332,601 23,475,241
Total land acquired or set apart acres		2,512,013			14,287,643		28,807,842
Price paid by Government for private land acquired £ Number of settlers to whom farms, etc., had been allotted up to the	8,113,956	13,361,211	270,480	b3,863,572	605,076	2,013,913	28,228,20 8
allotted up to the 30th June, 1933 Farms, etc., occupied at the 30th June, lacres 1933	5,575	(c) 10,728 (f) 9,198 2,349,749	1,148		2,422		22,718

⁽a) At 30th June, 1929; later information not available. (b) Excludes mortgages discharged £494,770 on 360,403 acres representing 300 farms, etc., and 314 settlers. (c) In addition 773 share farmers and holders of leasing agreements and private land have received assistance. (d) Not available. (e) Number of soldiers to whom assistance had been granted under the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Acts. (f) Includes 651 farms originally purchased for Closer Settlement purposes.

9. Losses on Soldier Settlements.—(i) General. At the Premiers' Conference in Melbourne in 1917, it was agreed that the States should undertake the work of settling on the land returned soldiers and munition and war workers, and that the Commonwealth should raise the necessary loans for the States for this purpose.

The original arrangement provided that the Commonwealth should take the responsibility of finding up to £500 per settler as working capital for improvements, implements, seed, etc., an amount which was subsequently increased to £625, together with £375 per settler for resumptions and works incidental to land settlement approved by the Commonwealth. Loans were to be advanced to the settlers by the States at reasonable rates of interest not exceeding 3½ per cent. in the first year, increasing by ½ per cent. each subsequent year to the full rate of interest at which the money had been raised, plus working expenses; the difference between these rates and the cost of the money to the Government to be borne equally by the Commonwealth Government and the State Government. This provision respecting interest loss was not ultimately carried out as passed, the Commonwealth Government assuming responsibility for more than one-half of the interest loss, viz. :—a rebate of interest equal to 2½ per cent. per annum during a period of five years from the date of payment to the State of each instalment of loan money.

(ii) Report by Mr. Justice Pike. In addition to this expected loss of interest other losses have occurred in connexion with soldier settlement, and in 1927 Mr. Justice Pike, of the Land Valuation Court of New South Wales, was commissioned to report, not only on the losses, but on the principles on which financial responsibility should be divided. His report in 1929, to which reference should be made for fuller information, found that in all the negotiations concerning soldier settlement on the land the States insisted on undivided control, and that financial responsibility went along with control except so far as the Commonwealth definitely promised to give assistance. The undertaking

of the Commonwealth to share equally with the States the cost of lower interest rates to soldier settlers was made the basis of a practical compromise, and the report recommended that the total loss should be shared equally between the two parties.

The following table from Mr. Justice Pike's report shows the losses as found by him, the amount contributed at that date by the Commonwealth, and the further amount to be written off by the Commonwealth:—

LOSSES	ON	SOLD	IER	SETTI	EMENT.
--------	----	------	-----	-------	--------

State.	Gross losses as found by Mr. Justice Pike.	Commonwealth half share thereof.	Amount already contributed by Commonwealth.	Further amount to be written off by Commonwealth.
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	 £ 7,003,950 7,721,891 1,853,315 3,565,829 2,059,368 1,321,169	£ 3,501,975 3,860,945 926,657 1,782,914 1,029,684 660,585	£ 2,612,215 3,331,193 817,272 977,927 1,477,688 546,688	£ 889,760 529,752 109,385 804,987 Nil 113,897
Total	 23,525,522	11,762,760	9,762,983	2,447,781

The report refers to a further small loss in certain States consequent upon providing home maintenance areas. The Commonwealth's share of this loss was subsequently fixed at £150,000.

According to the report the chief loss was in interest on capital cost, which amounted to more than half the total loss. Loss of advances came next, due to inflated values of improvements and stock when settlement was taking place. The loss due to administration expenses was defined as the excess costs above ordinary closer settlement costs and this excess was found to be about $\mathfrak{L}_{3,000,000}$, or $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the total loss.

10. Advances by Commonwealth to States.—The following table shows the total advances to the States, repayments made to the Commonwealth, remissions of advances made by the Commonwealth and the loans outstanding at the 30th June, 1933. The remissions which have been agreed upon but still await legislative ratification include an amount of £5,000,000 made by the Commonwealth in 1925, and the Commonwealth's share of losses, other than for interest, as recommended by Mr. Justice Pike (including the £150,000 for home maintenance areas).

ADVANCES TO STATES FOR SOLDIER SETTLEMENT, AT 30th JUNE, 1933.

State.		Number o	of Settlers.	Total	Repay-	nents by by Colli-	Loans Out-	
Diate.		Originally.	Remaining.	Advances.	States.		standing.	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	::	9,302 11,140 6,031 4,082 5,030 1,976	6,649 9,249 3,617 2,754 3,545	\$. 9,826,203 11,968,176 2,717,697 2,857,780 5,463,782 2,168,303	£ 20,219 174,101 17,114 24,775 32,580 38,740	£ 2,274,722 2,160,960 612,233 1,371,988 796,000 381,880	£ 7,531,262 9,633,115 2,088,350 1,461,017 4,635,202 1,747,683	
Total	••	37,56r	26,591	35,001,941	307,529	7,597,783	27,096,629	

⁽a) The remissions shown have been agreed upon but still await legislative ratification.

The figures in the above table relating to the number of settlers, are taken from Mr. Justice Pike's report.

§ 9. Tenure of Land by Aliens.

Information regarding the terms and conditions under which land can be held by aliens is contained in earlier issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 18, pp. 190-1).

§ 10. Advances to Settlers.

- 1. General.—A detailed statement regarding the terms and conditions governing advances to settlers in the several States and the Northern Territory will be found in preceding issues of the Official Year Book (see No. 22, pp. 179–186).
- 2. New South Wales.—The following table gives particulars respecting advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.—NEW SOUTH WALES.

1	Advances made	Total Advances	Amount outstanding at 30th June, 1933.		
Particulars.	during 1932-33.	at 30th June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	g	
	£	£			
Rural Bank Advances	192,473	27,292,865	(a)11,951	13,920,792	
Soldier Settlement Advances	61,332	7,725,926	4,516	2,450,301	
Advances for Purchase of Wire Netting	114,413	1,204,195	4,722	462,835	
Advances to Necessitous Farmers Advances to Civilian Settlers on Irriga-	223,571	5,473,419	4,473	1,204,494	
tion Areas	26,496	362,964	306	249,096	
Shallow Boring Advances	17,084	651,823	1,354	253,903	
Total	635,369	42,711,192	27,322	18,541,421	

⁽a) This number is approximate only and represents the number of borrowers from the Bank. One borrower may have more than one advance account, such as:—Ordinary advance, and Bank overdraft.

3. Victoria.—The following table gives particulars respecting advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.—VICTORIA.

		Advances	Total Advances	Amount outstanding at 30th June, 1933.		
Authority Making Advances.	Advances made to—		made during 1932–33.	at 30th June, 1933. Number of Persons.		s
Crédit Foncier { Closer Settlement Commission Treasurer	Civilians	::		834,422 a19,201,367 a27,905,331	516 8,159 5,670 1,300	531,17 3 a10,869,51 6 a18,598,229
Total			859,877	59,899,768	20,921	35,711,317

⁽a) Represents Consolidated Debts of settlers (Section 30, Act 4091). Co-operative Societies.

⁽b) Companies and

4. Queensland.—The following table gives particulars of advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS .- QUEENSLAND.

Act under which Advances were made.			Advances made	Total Advances	Amount outstanding at 30th June, 1933.		
Ace under which	Advan	ces were me	ide.	during 1932-33.	at 30th June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	s
				£	£		
Agricultural Bank	Acts			304,923	6,594,291	6,566	2,237,169
Discharged Soldie	rs' Set	tlement A	ct (a)	8,913	2,424,292	2,286	940,902
Water Facilities			`'	6,797	86,827	366	75,046
Wire Netting, Ma	rsupial	Proof Fe	ncing,		1	_	,
etc				28,400	793,336	3,768	463,003
Seed Wheat				3,980	(b) 65,912	(c)	11,424
Drought Relief	• •				67,381	1,471	44,398
Total		••		353,013	10,032,039	14,457	3,771,942

⁽a) Includes advances to group settlements through the Lands Department, as well as advances through the Agricultural Bank. (b) Includes accrued interest to 30th June, 1933. (c) Not available.

5. South Australia.—The following table gives particulars respecting advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Particulars.	Advances made	Total Advances	Amount o	utstanding ine, 1933.
t at occurats.	during 1932-33.	at 30th June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	£
Department of Lands—	£	£		
Advances to soldier settlers	50,141	5,249,070	1,487	3,721,915
Advances to blockholders		41,451	8	58
Advances for sheds and tanks		75,693	350	58,658
Advances in drought-affected areas	298	2,043,808	3,714	1,180,450
Advances under Farmers Relief				17
$Acts (b) \qquad \dots \qquad \dots$	607,438	1,183,661	2,955	482,113
Advances under Closer Settlement				
Acts	8,933	2,429,080	1,326	1,511,259
Advances under Agricultural Gradu-				
ates Settlement Act		22,563	11	22,123
Irrigation Branch—				
Advances to Civilians	546	257,924	411	135,538
Advances to Soldier Settlers	5,643	a1,101,796	783	1,007,131
State Bank of South Australia (C. F.				
Department)	30,284	4,768,797	2,172	1,263,057
Advances to settlers for improve-				
ments	18,954	835,303	1,425	456,180
Advances under Vermin and				
Fencing Acts	10,199	1,280,123	6,689	474,931
Advances under Loans to Producers				
Act	4,885	264,250	260	229,001
Total	737,321	19,553,519	21,591	10,542,414

⁽a) Since June, 1927, a considerable sum has been written off advances to soldler settlers under Section 8 of the Discharged Soldiers' Settlement Relief Act 1925. (b) Previously shown under Advances in drought-affected areas.

^{6.} Western Australia.—The following table gives particulars respecting advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Particulars.	Advances made during Year	Total Advances at 30th	Amount outstanding at 30th June, 1933 (inclusive of interest).		
		1932-33.	June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	£
		£	£		
Development loans		114,338	9,180,674	8,536	6,495,501
Soldier settlement loans	••	204	5,990,016	3,565	5,128,634
Advances to rural industries			31,017	7	41,536
Cropping advances	• •	1,028	13,049,543	1,425	1,883,682
Group Settlement advances	• •	185,780	2,211,714	1,716	2,538,739
Total	••	301,350	30,462,964	15,249	16,088,092

^{7.} Tasmania.—The following table gives particulars respecting advances, etc., under State Authorities to 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.—TASMANIA.

Authority making	Particulars.	Advances made	Total Advances	Amount outstanding at 30th June, 1933.		
Advances.	i arviculais.	during 1932-33.	to 30th June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	£	
		£	£			
Agricultural Bank	State Advances Act and Rural Credits Orchardists' Relief.	25,463	495,035	983	329,216	
,,	1926		46,832	166	8,857	
,,	Unemployed (Assistance to Primary Producers)				-7-57	
	Relief Act	34,720	64,440	844	58,057	
Minister for Lands	Soldier Settlers	4,996	710,473	1,389	(a)191,423	
,, ,,	Closer Settlers	1,454	35,293	157	17,614	
Total		66,633	1,352,073	3,539	605,167	

- (a) Exclusive of £42,251 advances capitalized and £49,899 advances written off to bad debts.
- 8. Northern Territory.—During the financial year 1932-33 the amount of £413 was advanced, the total amount advanced to 30th June, 1933, was £22,768 (approximately). The balance outstanding from 87 settlers, at 30th June, 1933, including interest was £15,219.
- 9. Summary of Advances.—The following table gives a summary for each State and Northern Territory to the 30th June, 1933:—

ADVANCES TO SETTLERS.-AUSTRALIA.

	4-4-			Advances made	Total Advances		outstanding June, 1933.	
9	State.			during 1932-33.	made to 30th June, 1933.	Number of Persons.	£	
				£	£	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
New South Wales				635,369	42,711,192	27,322	18,541,421	
Victoria				859,877	59,899,768	20,921	35,711,317	
Queensland				353,013	10,032,039	14,457	3,771,942	
South Australia				737,321	19,553,519		10,542,414	
Western Australia			• •	301,350	30,462,964	15,249	16,088,092	
Tasmania				66.633	1,352,073		605,167	
Northern Territory		••	••	413	22,768	87	15,219	
Total				2,953,976	164,034,323	103,166	85,275,572	

§ 11. Alienation and Occupation of Crown Lands.

- 1. General.—The figures given in the previous parts of this chapter show separately the areas alienated, in process of alienation, or occupied under various tenures. The following tables set out in summarized form the position in regard to the tenure of land in each State, in the Northern Territory, and in the Federal Capital Territory during the latest year for which information is available. The area unoccupied includes roads, permanent reserves, forests, etc. In some cases, lands which are permanently reserved from alienation are occupied under leases and licences, and have been included therein. Lands occupied under leases or licences for pastoral purposes are frequently held on short tenures only, and could thus be made available for settlement practically whenever required.
- 2. New South Wales.—At the 30th June, 1933, of the total area of New South Wales, 22.6 per cent. had been alienated, 11.7 per cent. was in process of alienation, 55.1 per cent. was held under leases and licences, and the remaining 10.6 per cent. was unoccupied.

The following table gives particulars for the year ended 30th June, 1933:-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—NEW SOUTH WALES, 1932-33.(a)

Particulars.	Acres.	Particulars.	Acres.
1. Alienated.	 -	2. In Process of Alienation. Conditional purchases Closer settlement purchases Soldiers' group purchases	20,073,559 2,734,588 419,536
Granted and sold prior to 1862 Sold by auction and other sales, 1862 to date Conditionally sold, 1862 to date Granted under Volunteer Land Regulations, 1867 to date Granted for public and religious purposes	7,146,579 15,023,625 24,660,987 172,198 259,994	Total 3. Held under Leases and Licences. Total under Lands Department, Water Conservation and Irrigation Commissioner, and	23,252,657
Less lands resumed or reverted to Crown	47,263,383 2,580,649	Western Lands Commissioners Mineral and auriferous leases and licences (Mines Department) Total	290,928 109,047,287
Total	44,682,734	4. Unoccupied (b) (approximate)	21,050,602

Area of State-198,036,500 acres.

3. Victoria.—The total area of the State of Victoria is 56,245,760 acres, of which 47.0 per cent. had been alienated up to the end of the year 1932; 12.6 per cent. was in process of alienation under deferred payments and closer settlement schemes; 9.5 per cent. was occupied under leases and licences; while 30.9 per cent. was unoccupied.

⁽a) Exclusive of Lord Howe Island, 3,220 acres. (b) Of this area only 5,065,512 acres are available for selection, the balance being comprised within reservations for various public purposes, roads, and river and lake surfaces.

The following table shows the distribution :-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS .- VICTORIA, 1932.

Particulars.	A cres.	Particulars.	Acres.
1. Alienated 2. In Process of Alienation— Exclusive of Mallee and Closer Settlement Lands Mallee Lands (exclusive of Closer Settlement Lands) Closer Settlement Lands Village Settlements	1,667,975 4,750,795 667,093	3. Leases and Licences held— Under Lands Department— Perpetual Leases . Other Leases and Licences Temporary (Yearly) Grazing Licences . Under Mines Department . Total	86,577 43,915 5,068,591 144,000 5,343,083
Total	7,085,892	4. Occupied by the Crown or Unoccupied (a)	17,370,166

Total area of State-56,245,760 acres.

- (a) These Crown lands comprise the following acreage:—Permanent forests (under Forest Acts) 3,956,931; timber reserves (under Forest Acts) 735,889; State forests and timber reserves (under Land Act) 330,135; water reserves 311,451; reserves for agricultural colleges 88,650; reserves in the Mallee 410,000; other reserves 371,026; roads 1,794,218; water frontages, beds of rivers, lakes, etc., unsold land in cities, towns and boroughs 3,674,576; and other lands (unoccupied) 5,697,290.
- 4. Queensland.—The total area of this State is 429,120,000 acres, of which, on the 31st December, 1932, 4.5 per cent. was alienated; 2.0 per cent. was in process of alienation; and 75.3 per cent. was occupied under leases and licences. The remainder 18.2 per cent. was either unoccupied or held as reserves, or for roads.

The distribution is shown in the following table:-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—QUEENSLAND, 1932.

Particulars.	Acres.	Particulars.	Acres.
1. Alienated— By Purchase Without Payment	19,031,137 89,003	3. Occupied under Leases and Licences— Pastoral Leases Occupation Licences Grazing Farms and Homesteads Leases—Special Purposes Under Mines Department Perpetual Lease Selections Auction Perpetual Leases Prickly-pear Leases	223,906,040 9,321,080 75,879,750 991,606 365,355 4,036,329 22,288 8,489,640
Total	8,812,440	Total 4. Reserves, Surveyed Roads and Surveyed Stock Routes (a) 5. Unoccupied	323,012,088 20,666,794 57,508,538

Total area of State-429,120,000 acres.

- (a) Includes reserves of a total area of 17,757,782 acres, comprising timber 3,217,549 acres, State forests and national parks 2,365,721 acres, aboriginal 6,206,892 acres, and general 5,967,620 acres; and streets, surveyed roads and surveyed stock routes 2,909,012 acres.
- 5. South Australia.—The area of the State of South Australia is 243,244,800 acres, and at the end of the year 1933, 5.0 per cent. was alienated; 1.7 per cent in process of alienation; 47.6 per cent. occupied under leases and licences; and 45.7 per cent. unoccupied.

The subjoined table shows the distribution :-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA, 1933.

Particulars.	Acres.	Particulars.	Acres.
1. Alienated— Sold Granted for Public Purposes	11,865,940 233,294	3. Held under Lease and Licence— Right of Purchase Leases Perpetual Leases , including Irrigation Leases Pastoral Leases Other Leases and Licences Mining Leases and Licences	1,595,303 15,549,844 96,865,180 1,607,811 116,608
Total	12,099,234	Total	115,734,746
2. In Process of Alienation	4,155,063	4. Area Unoccupied (a)	111,255,757

Total area of State-243,244,800 acres.

6. Western Australia.—The total area of Western Australia is 624,588,800 acres, of which, at the 30th June, 1933, 2.6 per cent. was alienated; 3.1 per cent. was in process of alienation; while 31.8 per cent. was occupied under leases and licences issued either by the Lands or the Mines Departments. The balance of 62.5 per cent. was unoccupied.

The following table shows the distribution :-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA 1932-33.

Particulars.	Acres.	Particulars.	A cres.	
. Alisnated	15,963,264	3. Leases and Licences in Force— (i) Issued by Lands Department—		
In Process of Alienation—		Pastoral Leases	196,042,111	
Midland Railway Concessions	54,800	Special Leases	20,964	
Free Homestead Farms	789,702	Leases of Reserves	948,483	
Conditional Purchases	6,081,086	Residential Lots	4,896	
Selections from the late W.A.		(li) Issued by Mines Depart-		
Company	5,297	ment—		
Selections under the Agricul- tural Lands Purchase Act		Gold-mining Leases	10.204	
Special Occupation Leases and	475,082	Mineral Leases Miners' Homestead	45,168	
* * *	300	Leases	07.000	
Homestead or Grazing Leases	12,154,187	(iii) Issued by Forests Depart-	31,370	
Poison Land Leases or Licences	23,138	ment-		
Village Allotments	46	Timber Permits	1,222,102	
	·			
		Total	198,325,300	
Total	19,583,638	4. Area Unoccupied (a)	390,716,598	

Total area of State-624,588,800 acres.

⁽a) Includes surveyed roads, railways, and other reserves, 16,441,800 acres (of which 14,016,000 acres comprises an aboriginal reserve in the north-west corner of the State); salt water lakes and lagoons, 7,680,000 acres; and fresh water lakes, 224,000 acres.

⁽a) These Crown lands comprise the following:—State forests, 2,971,012 acres; timber reserves, 1,430,542 acres; other reserves, 36,027,223 acres; and vacant Crown land, 350,287,821 acres.

^{7.} Tasmania.—At the end of the year 1933. 34.4 per cent. of the total area had been alienated; 2.9 per cent. was in process of alienation; 26.6 per cent. was occupied under leases and licences for either pastoral, agricultural, timber, or mining purposes, or for closer or soldier settlement, or occupied or reserved by the Crown; the remainder (36.1 per cent.) was unoccupied.

The following table shows the distribution :-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—TASMANIA, 1933.

Particulars.	Acres.	Particulars.	Acres.
1. Alienated	5,774,481	3. Leases and Licences—continued. (i) Issued by Lands Department —continued.	
s. In Process of Allenation	4 ⁸ 7,373	Soldier Settlement Other Leases	112,000 130,500
		(ii) Issued by Mines Department	30,607
3. Leases and Licences— (i) Issued by Lands Department— Islands	104,500	Total	2,622,315
Ordinary Leased Land Land Leased for Timber Closer Settlement	1,915,706 247,768 81,234	4. Area Occupied by the Crown or Unoccupied (a)	7,893,831

Total area of State-16,778,000 acres.

8. Northern Territory.—The area of Northern Territory is 335,116,800 acres, of which, at the end of 1933, only 0.14 per cent. was alienated; 55.65 per cent. was held under leases and licences; while the remaining 44.21 per cent. was unoccupied.

The following shows the mode of occupancy of areas at the 30th June, 1933:-

ALIENATION AND OCCUPATION OF CROWN LANDS.—NORTHERN TERRITORY, 1933.

		Acres.				
r. Alienated	••	••	••			477,861
. Leased— Pastoral Other leases, lic	 cences,	reserves a	 nd missi	on stations		141,175,040 45,321,962
Total	• •		••	••		186,497,002
3. Unoocupied		••		••		148,141,937
4. Total area		••		••		335,116,800

9. Federal Capital Territory.—Particulars of the alienation and occupation of Crown lands in the Territory (exclusive of Jervis Bay area) for the year 1933 are as follow:—Alienated 73,080 acres; in process of alienation 34,098 acres; leased 292,480 acres; and unoccupied 184,002 acres. The area of acquired lands was 213,830 acres. The total area of the Territory (exclusive of Jervis Bay area, 17,920 acres) is approximately 583,660 acres.

Alienated land in 1933 comprised 12.5 per cent. of the total area, land in process of alienation 5.9 per cent., land held under lease 50.1 per cent., and unoccupied land 31.5 per cent. of the total area.

⁽a) Comprises the following:—Reserves, 1,821,000 acres, including 1,521,000 acres for timber; land occupied by Commonwealth and State Departments, 18,100 acres; the balance (6,054.731 acres) being unoccupied and unreserved.

12. Classification of Alienated Holdings According to Size.

The classification of private holdings according to their area is of interestchiefly in relation to the efforts made by the several States in recent years to promote settlement on the land on blocks of suitable size, especially by means of the Closer Settlement Acts.

The following table gives particulars of the number and areas of holdings of alienated land and land in process of alienation at the latest date for which the information has been compiled. A similar classification for the year 1928-29, excepting as regards New South Wales the figures for which referred to the year 1924-25, will be found in Official Year Book No. 26, p. 137.

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS (ONE ACRE AND OVER) IN AREA SERIES, FOR YEARS SHOWN.

Size of Holdings.		N.S.W. 1929-30.	Victoria. 1928–29.	S. Aust. 1930–31.	W. Aust. 1932-33.	Tas. 1931–32.	Fed. Cap. Ter. 1928–29.	Total. (a)	
				Nu	MBER.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
50 100 500 1,000 5,000 10,000 20,000	and under 50 ,,, 500 ,,, 10,000 ,,, 20,000 ,,, 50,000 ,,, 50,000 ,,, 50,000 ,,, 50,000)	(b) 13,872 (b) 7,358 (b) 25,142 (b) 11,138 (b) 10,702 1,516 575 235,	19,791 8,388 25,979 12,449 6,929 297 90 15	6,409 1,883 5,787 4,513 5,266 134 34 9	4,810 867 3,665 3,194 8,386 454 119 19	2,768 2,168 4,859 718 729 132 68 33 6	3 1 19 18 15 3 1	47,653 20,665 65,451 32,030 32,027 2,536 887 311
	Total		70,595	73,938	24,035	21,521	11,481	60	201,630

AREA.

1 50 100 500 1,000 5,000	and un	der 50 100 500 1,000 5,000 10,000	,, ,,	Acres. b372,441 b675,622 b7,793,419 b9,316,414 b25,283,975 10,223,976 7,886,787	601,533 6,384,766 8,828,038 11,858,819 2,047,281	144,657 1,662,229 3,339,608 9,401,700 929,107	71,483 884,933 2,731,806 18,017,234 3,044,434	154,647	5,267 12,778 30,050 21,354	1,648,007 17,741,913. 24,717,095 66,158,818. 17,184,174
20,000 50,000	and over	50,000	,,	6,771,351 4,907,390		237,112	524,959 504,612	931,647 437,573		8,855,945 5,849,575
	Tota	ıl		73,231,375	31,682,459	16,292,459	27,514,619	6,492,227	82,205	155,295,344

⁽a) Information not available for Queensland and the Northern Territory. (b) Partially estimated; The actual number and areas as recorded are as follow:— x_3 0 acres, 8,720, 117,889; $3x_3$ 20, 27,214, 3,949,300; $32x_3$ 640, 11,309, 5,424,505; $64x_3$ 7,280, 10,728, 9,966,089; $1,28x_3$ 7,200, 4,950, 7,920,484; 2,001–5,000, 5,291, 16,063,604.

§ 13. Present Position of Land Settlement.

1. Condition of Public Estate.—The position in regard to land settlement in each State and Territory and in Australia as a whole in the years 1929 to 1932 is shown in the following table.

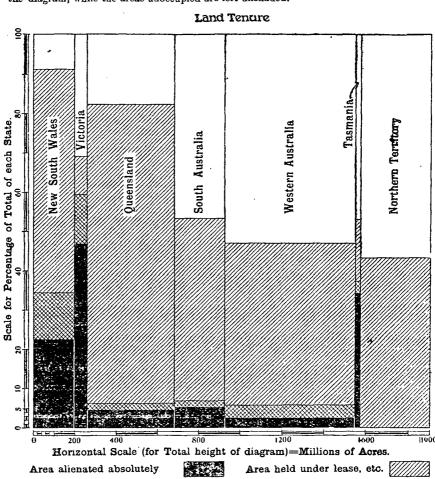
During the past ten years, the area of alienated land in Australia increased by 12,253,143 acres, and that in process of alienation by 7,027,086 acres, or a total of 19,280,229 acres during the decade, while the area leased increased from 949,884,653 acres in 1922 to 950,068,212 acres in 1932.

AREAS ALIENATED, IN PROCESS OF ALIENATION, HELD UNDER LEASE OR LICENCE, AND UNOCCUPIED.

Year.	Alienate	ed.	In Proce of Alienat	ess tion.	Held under or Licence		Occupied by the or Unoccup	ne Crown pled.		
I cai.	Area in Acres.	Per Cent.	Area in Acres.	Per Cent.	Area in Acres.	Per Cent.	Area in Acres.	Per Cent.		
	NI	ew soi	UTH WALE	S (a)	AREA, 198,03	6,500 A	CRES.			
9296	643,491,984	21.96	23,153,865	11.69	114,164,082	57.65	17,223,349	8.7		
	043,750,361	22.09	23,680,891	11.96	113,692,127	57.41	16,909,901	8.5		
		22.26	23,785,072	12.01	112,285,734	56.70	17,887,651	9.ŏ		
		22.40	23,539,831	11.89		55.27	20,669,740	10.4		
		V	ICTORIA	AREA,	56,245,760 Ac	RES.				
929	26,204,928	46.59	7,918,032	14.08	7,539,476	[13.40	14,583,324	25.9		
930	26,316,492	46.79	7,280,000	12.94	6,659,107	11.84	15,990,161	28.4		
931	26,383,623	46.91	7,167,797	12.74	5,403,714	9.61	17,290,626	30.7		
932	26,446,619	47.02	7,085,892	12.60	5,343,083	9.50	17,370,166	30.8		
		QUE	ENSLAND.	Area	, 429,120,000	ACRES.				
929	18,486,184	4.31	5,911,240	1.38	317,763,259	74.05	86,959,317	20.2		
930	18,731,295	4.36	6,860,667	1.60	315,388,957	73.50	88,139,081	20.5		
931	18,947,974	4.42	7,765,825	1.81	326,192,503	76.01	76,213,698	17.7		
932	19,120,140	4.46	8,812,440	2.05	323,012,088	75.27	78,175,332	18.2		
		SOUTH	AUSTRAL	IA.—A	REA, 243,244,8	воо Асв	ES.			
929	12,004,959	4.94	3,933,568	1.62	118,249,913	48.61	109,056,360	44.8		
930	12,044,877	4.95	4,175,985	1.72	116,453,402	47.87	110,570,536	45.4		
931	12,058,125	4.96	4,314,352	1.77	113,257,265	46.56	113,615,058	46.7		
932	12,077,716	4.97	4,238,241	1.74		47 57	111,212,553	45.		
	WE				-AREA, 624,5	88,800	ACRES.			
929	13,594,254	2.18	21,804,506	3.49		39.02	345,465,975	55.3		
930	14,506,064	2.32	21,533,054	3.45	245,385,249	39.29	343,164,433	54.9		
931 .	14,984,035	2.40	21,224,804	3.40	256,620,655	41.09	331,759,306	53.1		
932	15,484,758	2.48	20,384,552	3.26		33.01	382,556,772	61.2		
	<u> </u>				16,778,000 A			·		
929	5,698,697	33.97	560,070	3.34	2,817,535	16.79	7,701,698	45.9		
930	5,721,259	34.10	541,653	3.23	2,772,097	16.52	7,742,991	46.1		
931	5,739,827	34.21	516,795	3.08	2,655,179	15.83	7,866,199	46.8		
932	5,759,420		500,471	2.98		15.56	7,906,874	47.1		
25-			RN TERRIT		·	·		17		
929	477,853	0.14	M I EXTELL	0101		44.44	185,733,673	55.4		
930	477,853	0.14		1		44.25	186,351,617	55.6		
931	477,854	0.14			145,000,000	43.27	189,638,946	56.5		
932	477,861	0.14			187,468,553	55.94	147,170,386	43.9		
	FEDE	ERAL C	APITAL TI	ERRIT	ORY.—Area,	601,580	Acres.			
)29c	46,968	8.05	60,844	10.42	288,919	49.50	186,929	32.0		
930c		11.46	39,977	6.85	279,032	47.81	197,747	33.8		
931c		11.46	39,977	6.85	288,558	49 44	188,221	32,2		
320			34,098	5.84	292,480	50.11	184,002	31.5		
		AUS		AREA, 1	,903,732,240	ACRES.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
20d	120,005,827	6.30	63,342,125	3.33		150.08	766,910,625	40.2		
	121,615,105	6.39	64,112,227	3.33	933,432,323	49.84	769,066,467	40.4		
วรกก	,,5		64,814,622	3.40	961,703,608	50.52	754,459,705	39.6		
930a 231 <i>d</i>	122,733,165									
931 <i>d</i>	122,733,165 123,801,538	6.45	64,595,525			49.91	765,245,825	40.2		

acres, and Jervis Bay area, 17,920 acres. (e) Excludes Lord Howe Island, 3,220 acres.

2. Diagram showing Condition of Public Estate.—The following diagram shows the condition of the public estate at the end of the year 1931. The square itself represents the total area of Australia, while the relative areas of individual States are shown by the vertical rectangles. The areas alienated absolutely, in process of alienation under various systems of deferred payments, and the areas held under leases or licences, are designated by the differently-shaded areas as described in the reference given below the diagram, while the areas unoccupied are left unshaded.



Area unoccupied.

Area in process of alienation.